

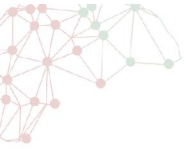
# Role of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Power System Planning and Operation

**Dr. Sohail Khan, Associate Professor,  
Sino-Pak Center for AI,  
Pak-Austria Fachhochschule:  
Institute of Applied Sciences and Technology (PAF-IAST)  
Haripur, Pakistan**

27 December 2023

All Details @ <https://emesk.github.io/talks/2023-talk-1>





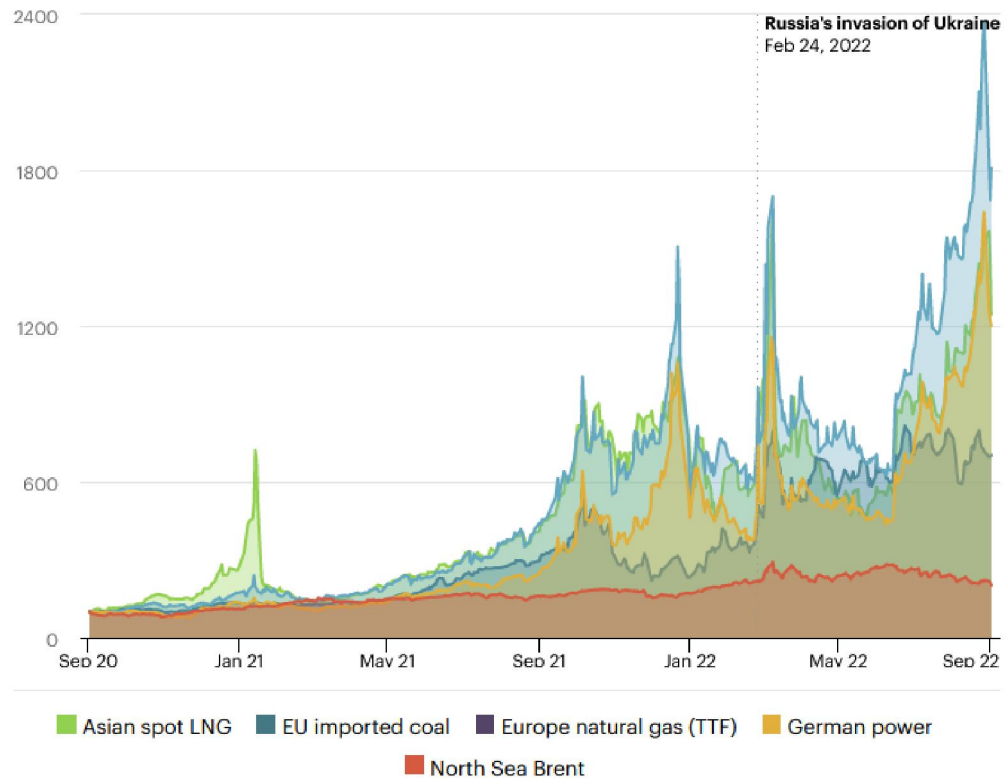
# The Global Energy Challenge

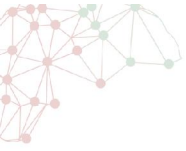
The global energy challenge is the increasing demand for energy and the need to reduce greenhouse gas emissions to combat climate change.

**Exacerbated by global crisis**



**Change in key energy prices**  
Index (1 September 2020 = 100)

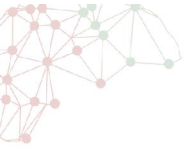




# The Global Energy Challenge

- The global temperature has increased by 1.1°C since the pre-industrial period, and it is projected to reach **1.5°C between 2030 and 2052** if current trends continue. (source: IPCC)
- The United Nations estimates that by 2030, climate disasters could cost the global economy **\$54 trillion in economic losses**. (source: UN)
- In 2020, **the United States** alone experienced **22 climate disasters** that each caused over \$1 billion in damages, resulting in a **total cost of \$95 billion**. (source: NOAA)
- According to the World Bank, over **143 million people in Sub-Saharan Africa, South Asia, and Latin America could be displaced** by climate change by 2050. (source: World Bank)

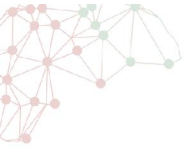




# AI and Energy Efficiency

- The ability to use less energy to perform the same task
- How AI can improve energy efficiency in **buildings**, **transportation**, and **industry**?
- Examples of AI applications in energy efficiency: smart thermostats, predictive maintenance, and energy management system

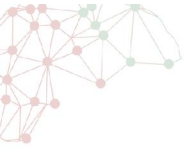




## AI and Energy Efficiency

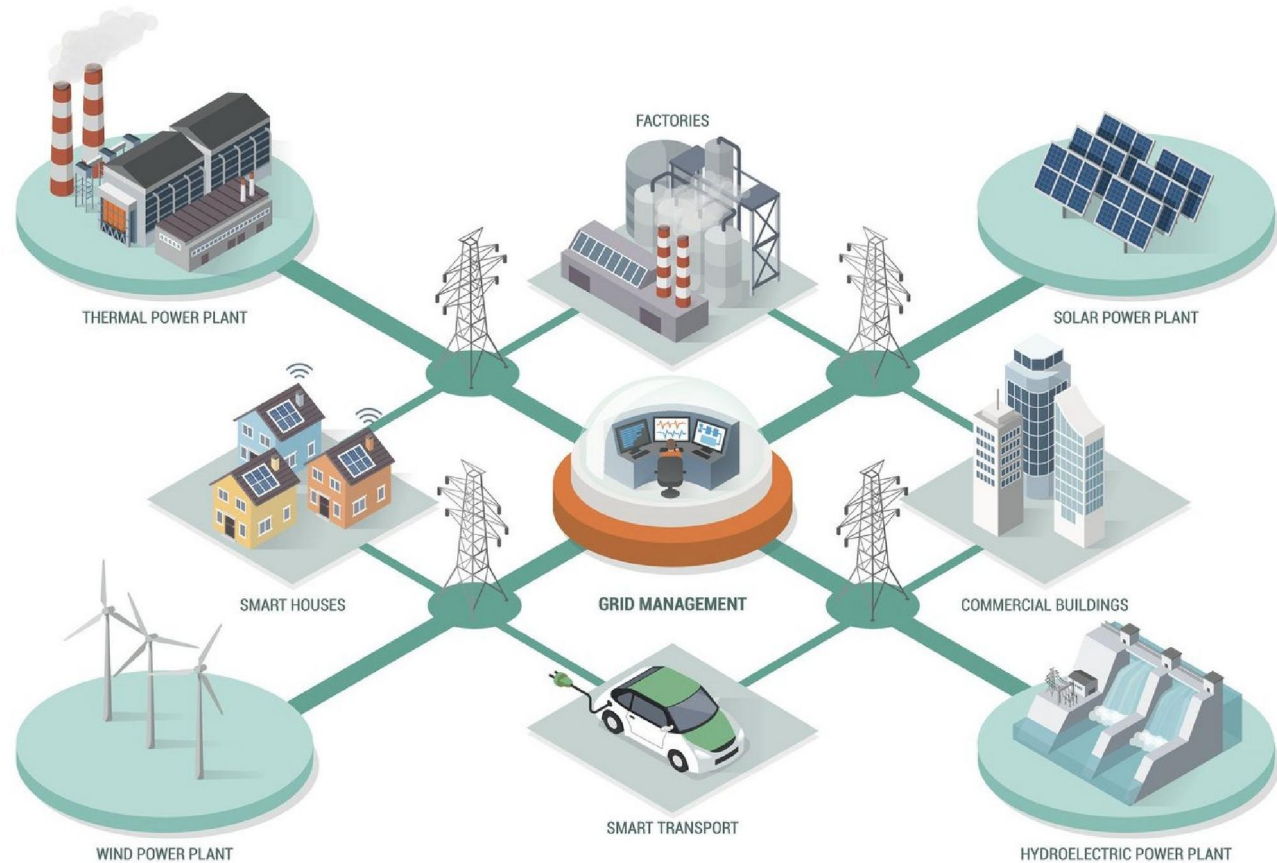
- According to a study by the American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy (ACEEE), **AI-enabled energy management systems in commercial buildings can reduce energy consumption by up to 20%**. (source: ACEEE)
- A report by the International Energy Agency (IEA) found that AI can help reduce global energy demand by **10-15% by 2040** through improved energy efficiency in buildings, transportation, and industry. (source: IEA)

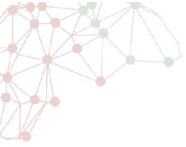




# AI and Renewable Energy Usage

Renewable energy, such as solar, wind, and hydropower, is a critical component of reducing greenhouse gas emissions and achieving net-zero emissions targets.





# AI for Transforming Energy Grids of Future

**nationalgridESO**   **NREL** *Transforming ENERGY*   **IEEE** *Advancing Technology for Humanity*   **VTT**

**AEMO** *AUSTRALIAN ENERGY MARKET OPERATOR*

**EPRI** | **ELECTRIC POWER RESEARCH INSTITUTE**

**Imperial College London**

**DTU**

**CSIR** *our future through science*

**California ISO**   **ENERGINET**

**CSIRO**

**EIRGRID GROUP**

**Fraunhofer CINES**

**olade** *Organization for Learning and Energy*

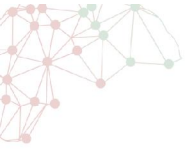
**ESIG** *ENERGY SYSTEMS INTEGRATION GROUP*

**GLOBAL PST CONSORTIUM**



 **Climate Change AI**

Many more ...



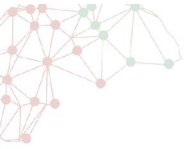
# How AI Contribute to the areas of Innovation

- Ref: [G-PST Research Agenda 2021](#)

<b>Research Program</b>	<b>Description</b>
<i>Inverter Design</i>	Development of capabilities, services, design methodologies and standards for IBRs.
<i>Stability Tools &amp; Methods</i>	Development of new tools and methods, as well as modifications or supplements to existing tools and methods, required to ensure reliability, security, and stability in power systems.
<i>Control Room of the Future</i>	Development of new technologies and approaches for enhanced real-time visibility and analysis in power system operator control rooms.
<i>Planning</i>	New planning metrics, methods, and tools to capture the characteristics and influence of a changing resource mix.
<i>Restoration &amp; Black Start</i>	Creating new procedures for black starting and restoring a power system with high or 100% IBR penetrations.
<i>Services</i>	Quantifying the technical service requirements of future power systems to maintain the supply-demand balance reliably and at least cost.







# AI for Optimal Power Flow

## 1. Data Availability:

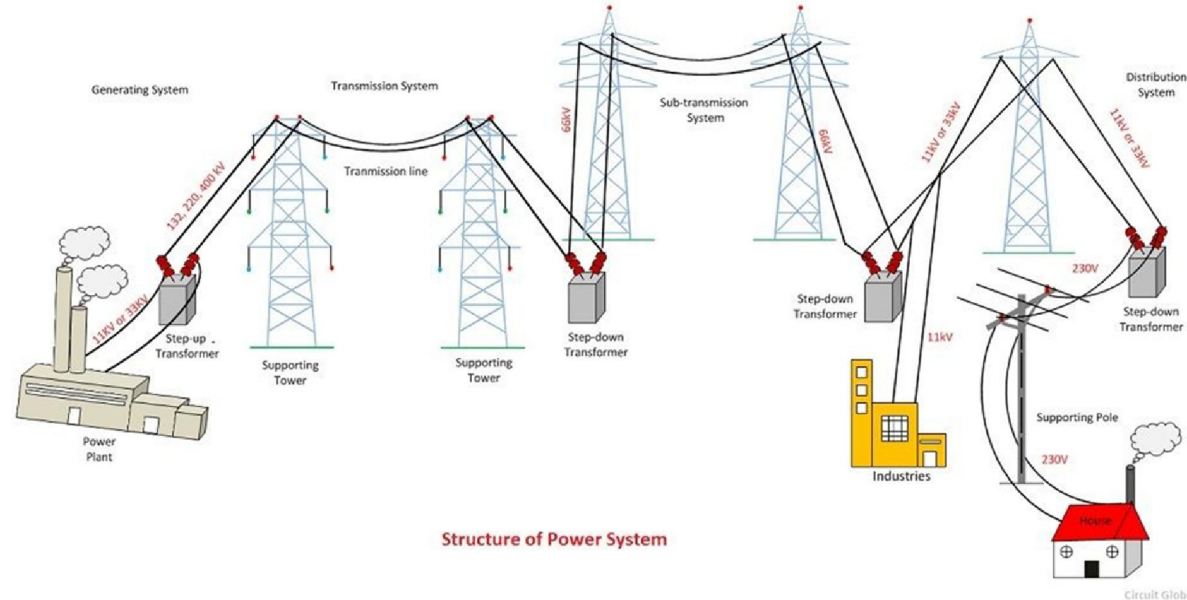
1. Challenge in collecting significant historical power system data.
2. Real-world data often limited, sensitive, and subject to privacy concerns.

## 2. Model Complexity:

1. Neural network representation requires careful consideration of architecture, input, and output.

## 3. Generalization:

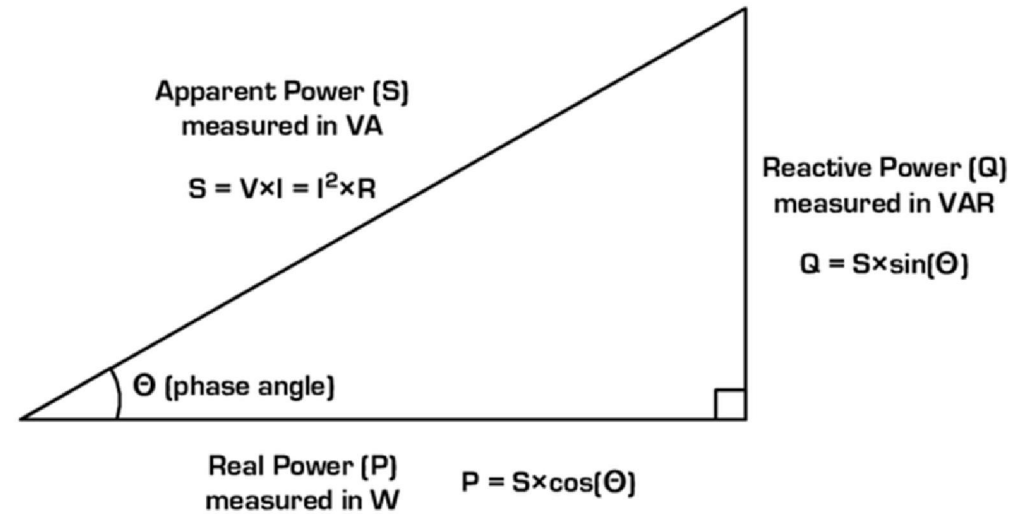
1. Neural network model may have limitations in adapting to unseen conditions.
2. Consistent performance across various scenarios is essential.
3. Ensuring robustness and reliability beyond the training set is a critical consideration.

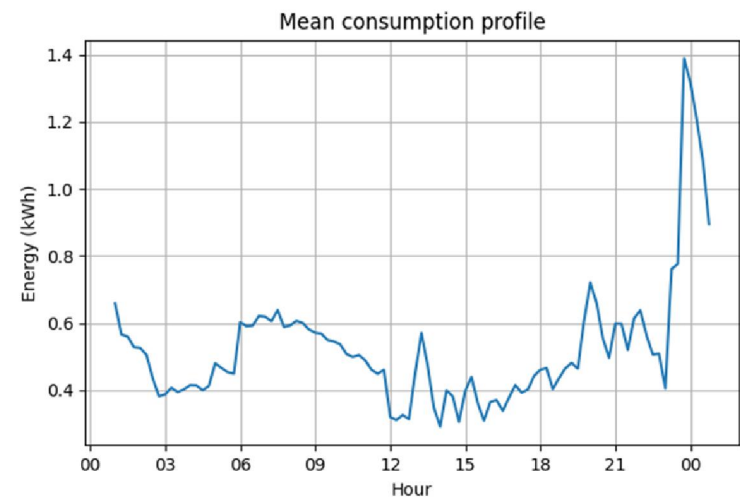
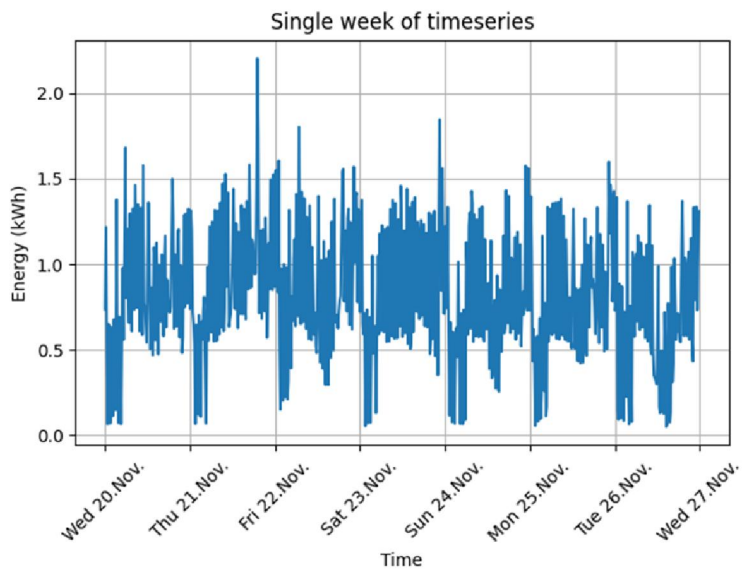
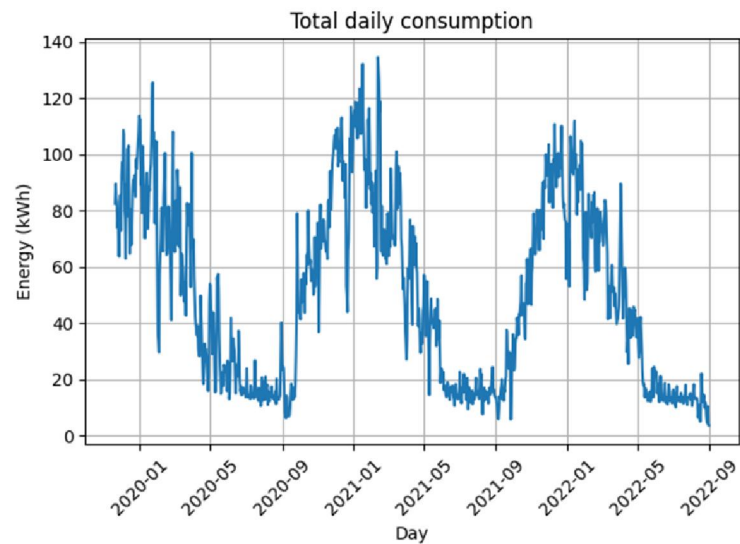
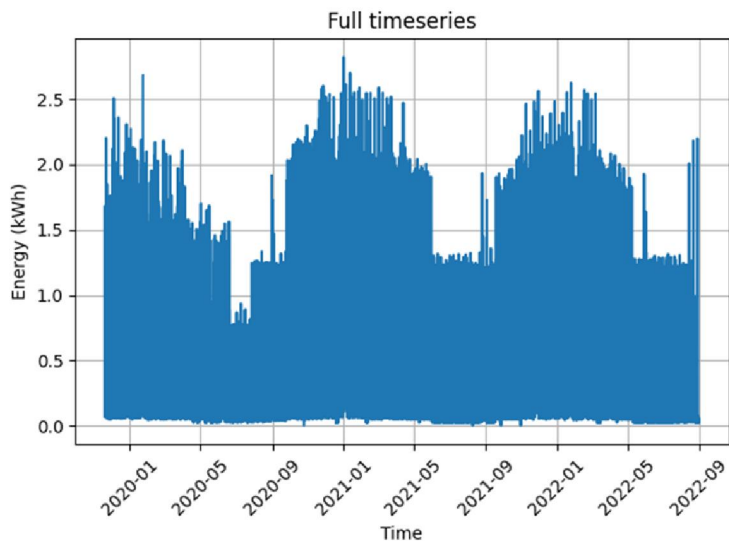
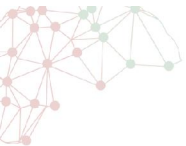


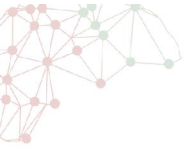


# Smart Meter Data Analytics

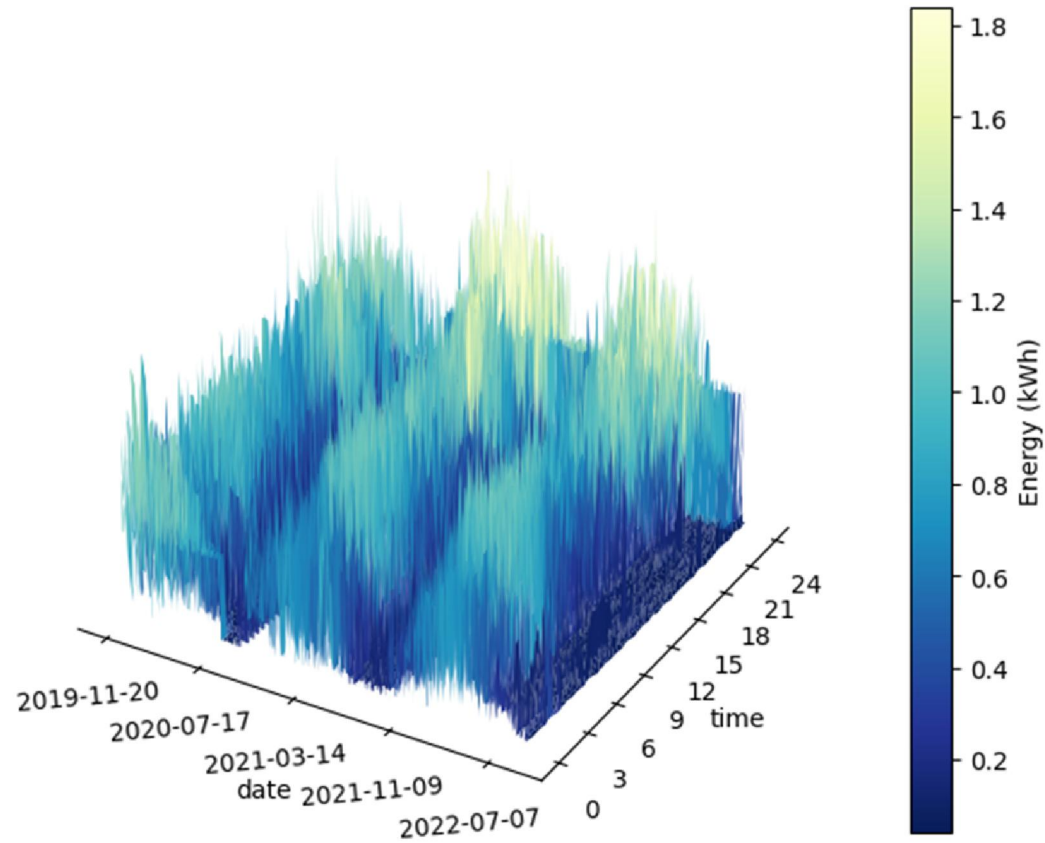
Practical Use-Cases and Best Practices of Machine Learning Applications for Energy Data in the Residential Sector

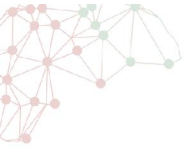




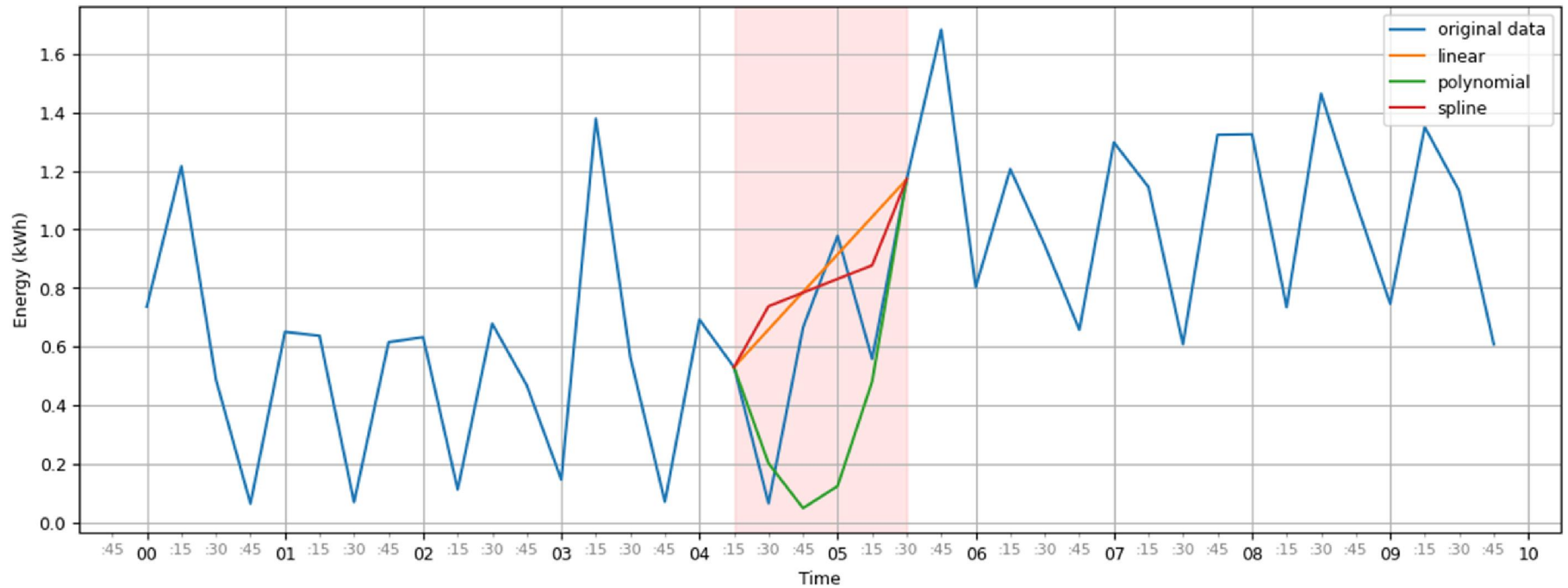


# Smart Meter Data Analytics





# Smart Meter Data Analytics

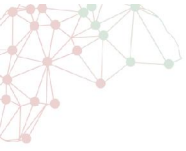




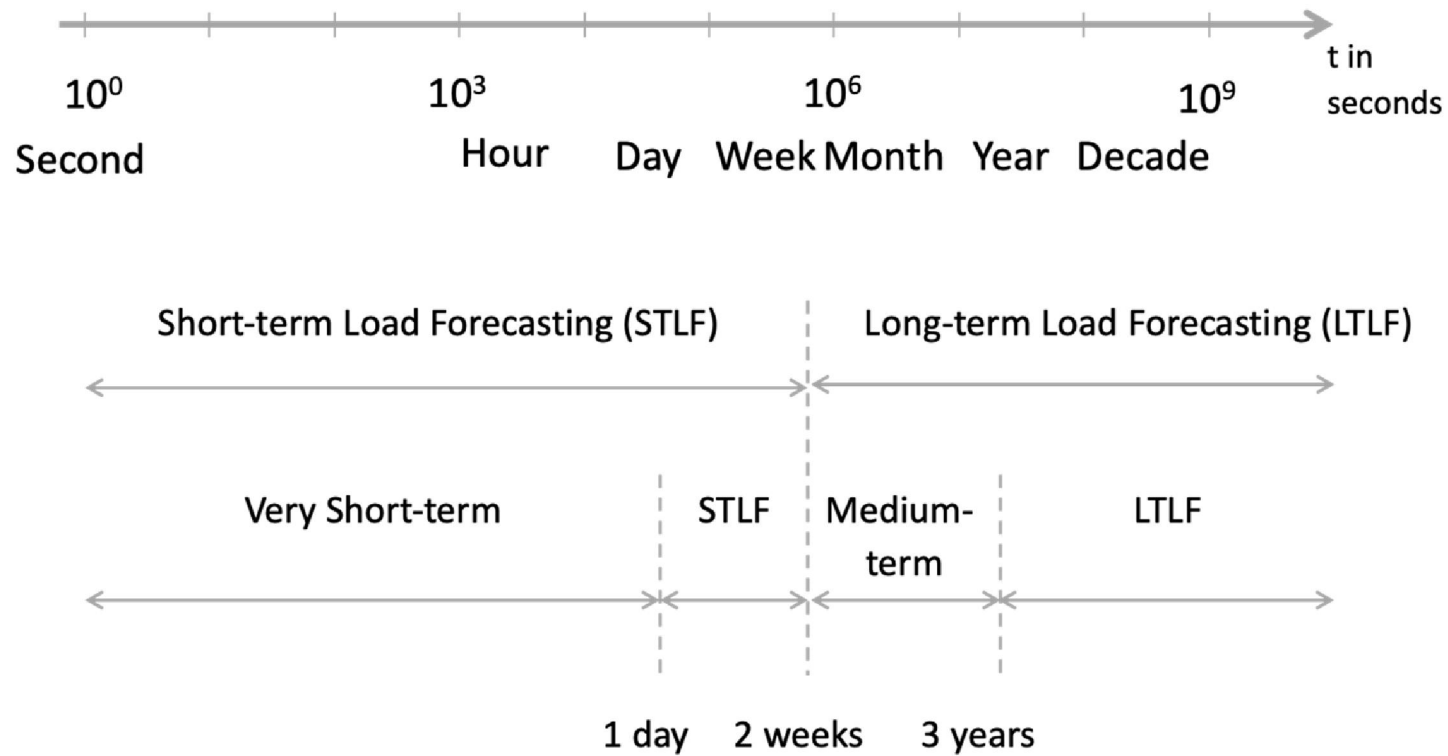
# Estimating Emissions From Satellite Images with Computer Vision

Estimating Coal Power Plant Operation From Satellite Images with Computer Vision



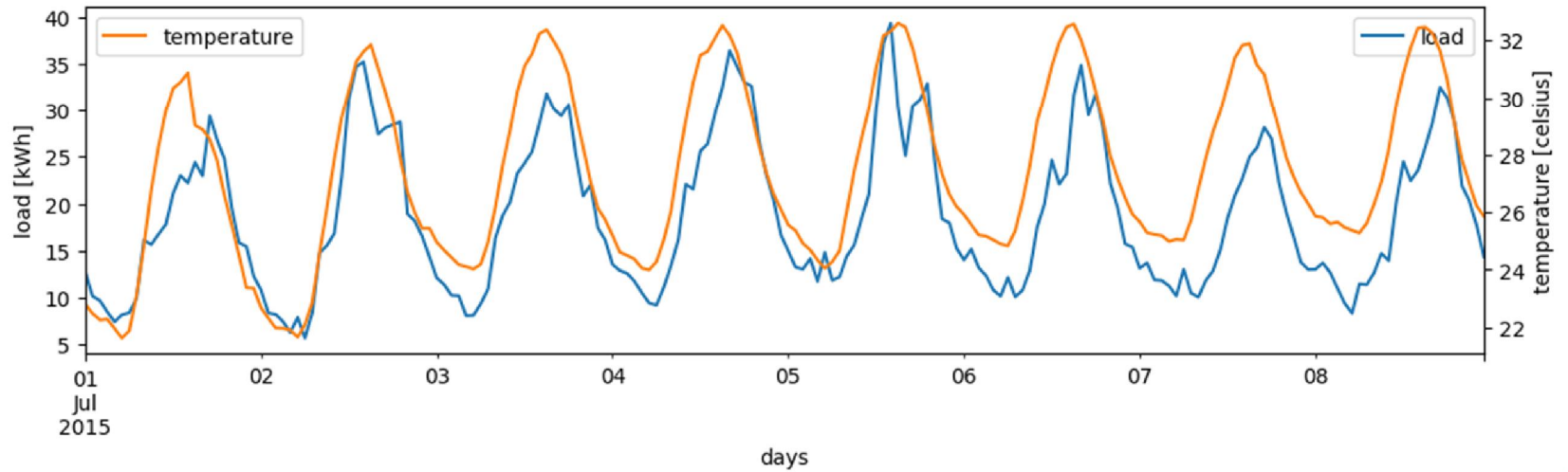
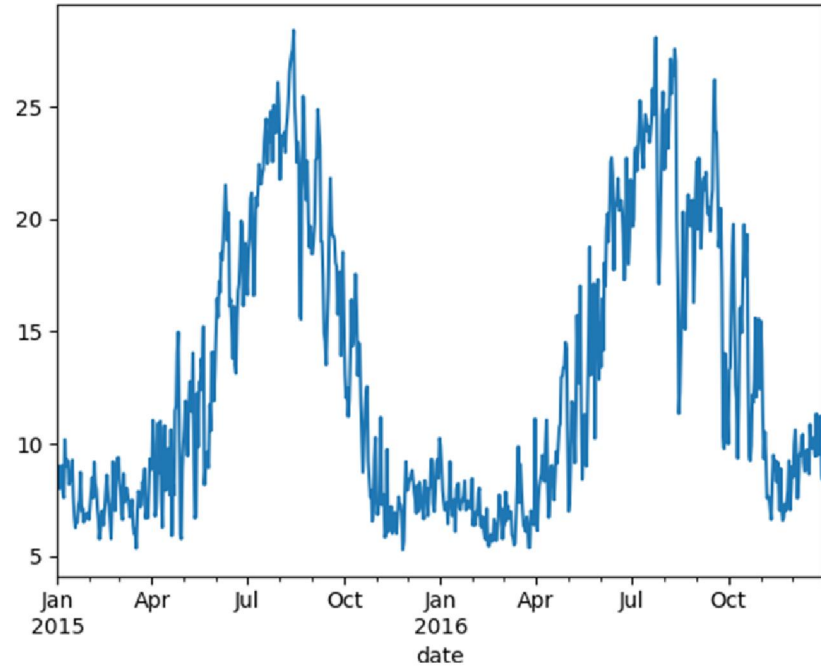


# Building Load Forecasting with ML

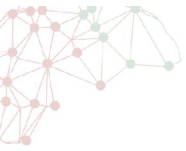




# Building Load Forecasting with ML

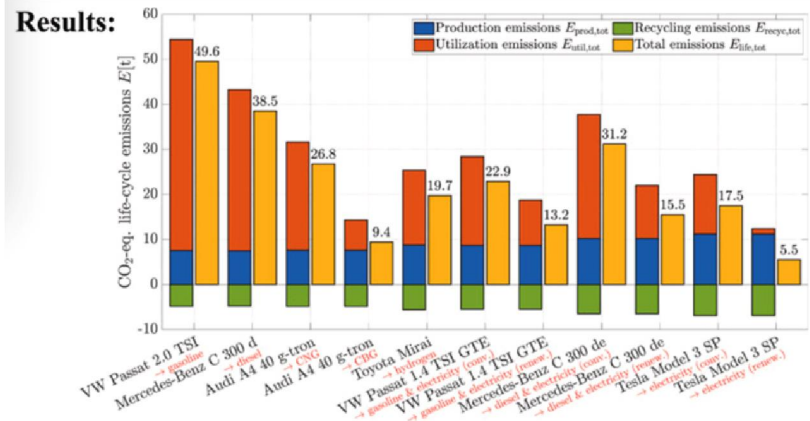
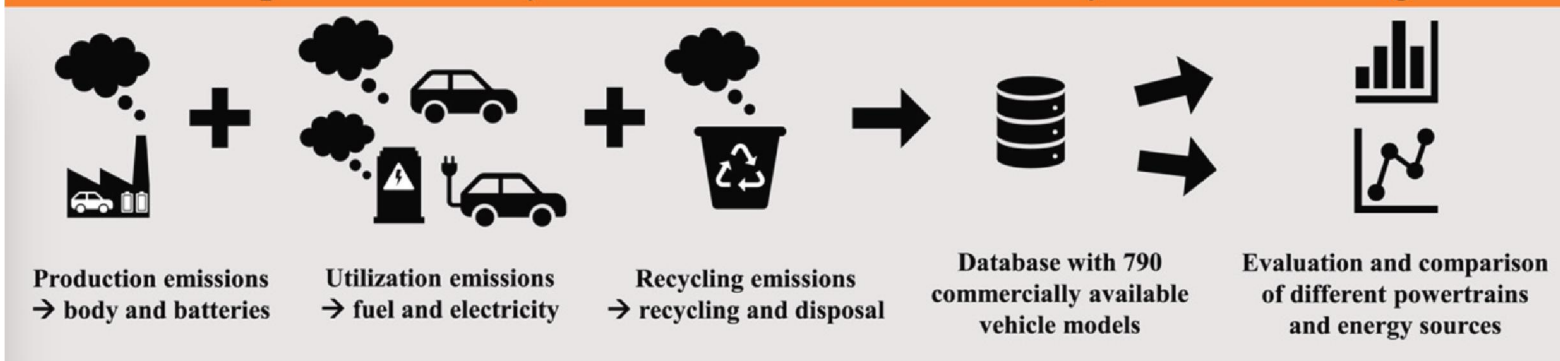






# Electric Vehicles Integration in Energy System

## Total CO<sub>2</sub>-Equivalent Life-Cycle Emissions from Commercially Available Passenger Cars

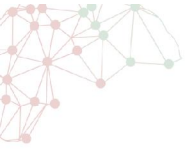


Relative reduction of total life-cycle emissions			
Gasoline (reference)	0 %	Hydrogen	60 %
Diesel	22 %	Gasoline & Electricity	54 / 73 %
Compressed Natural Gas	46 %	Diesel & Electricity	37 / 69 %
Compressed Biogas	81 %	Electricity	65 / 89 %

**Conclusion:**  
 Total life-cycle emissions can be reduced by up to 89 % through vehicle electrification. Renewable fuels and energy lead to lowest life-cycle emissions. Total life-cycle emissions increase relative to vehicle curb weight and peak motor power.

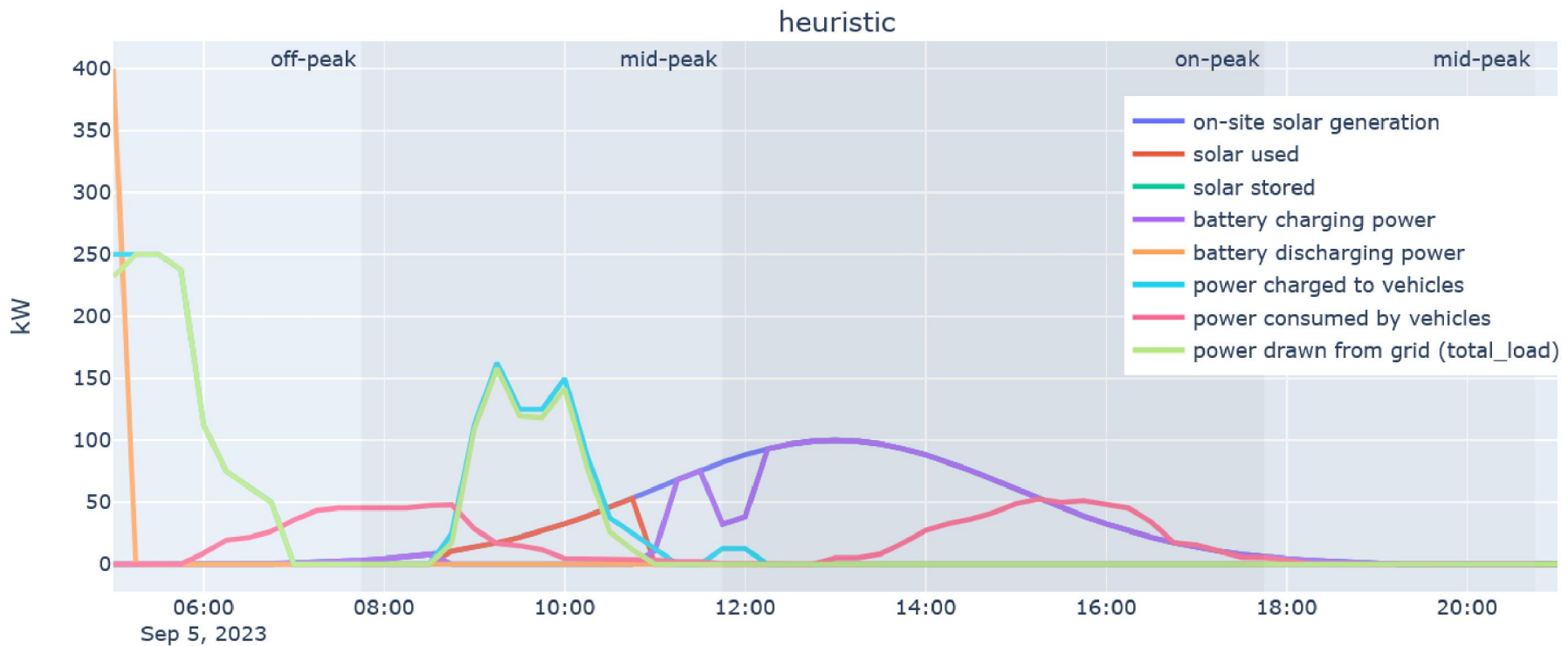
J. Buberger, A. Kersten, M. Kuder, R. Eckerle, T. Weyh, T. Thiringer (2022)





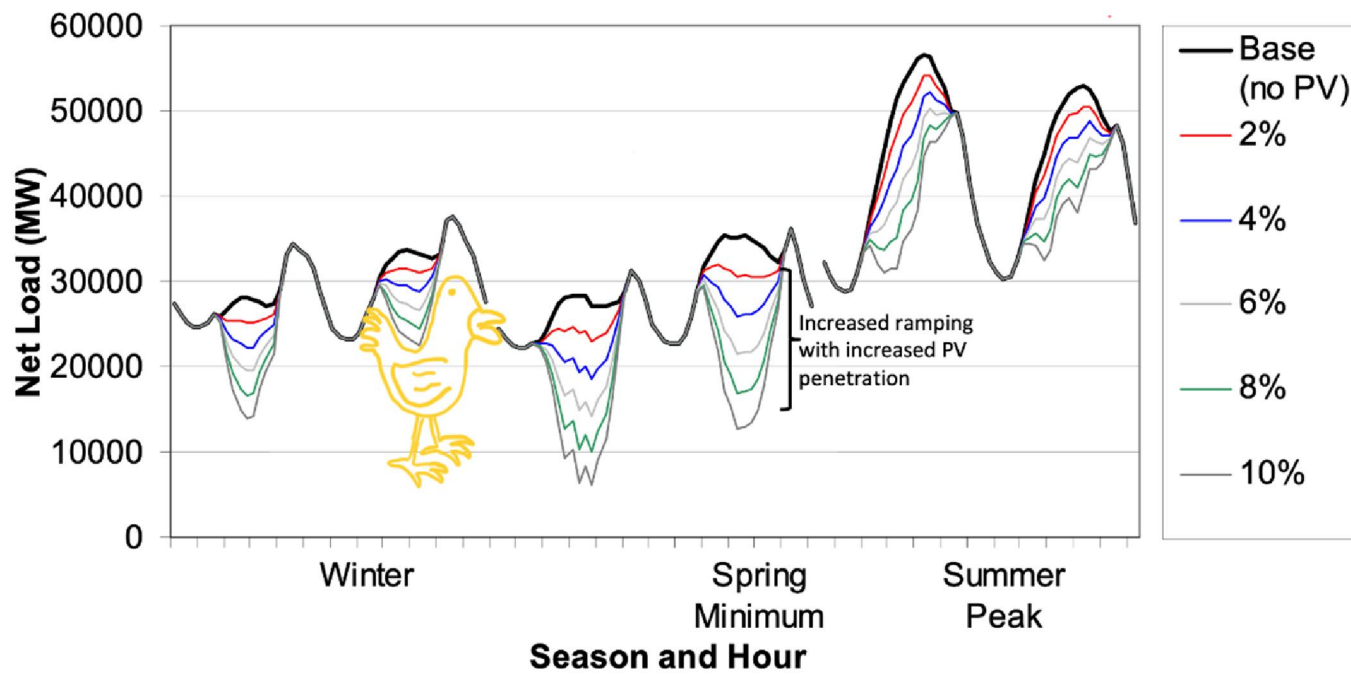
# Electric Vehicles Integration in Energy System

Energy Usage During First School Day



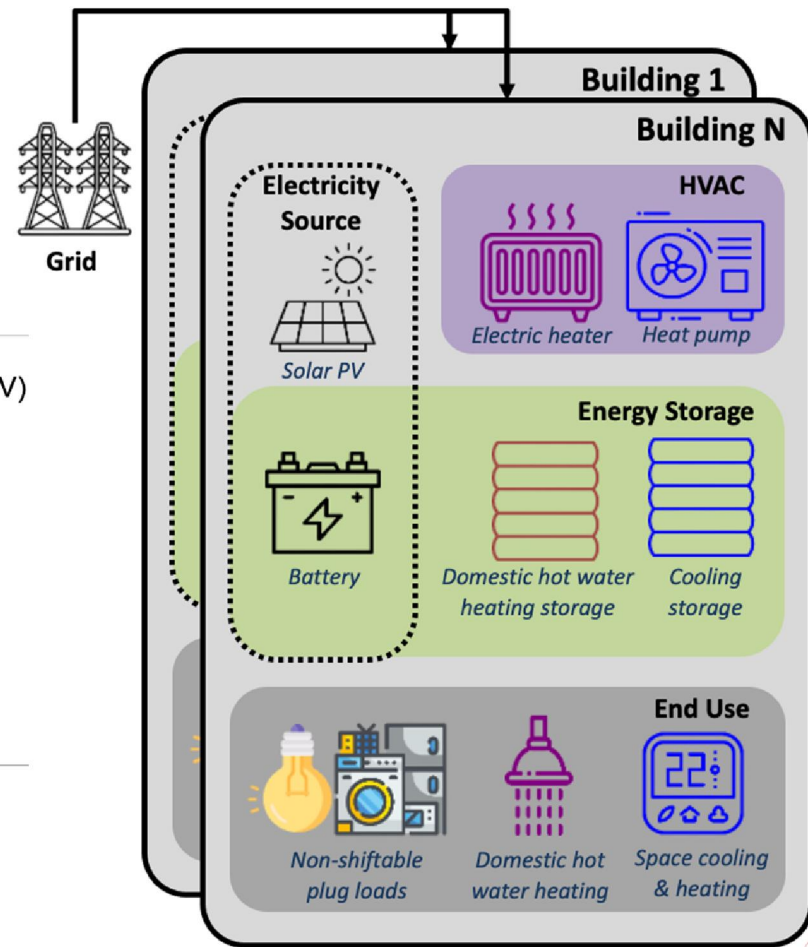
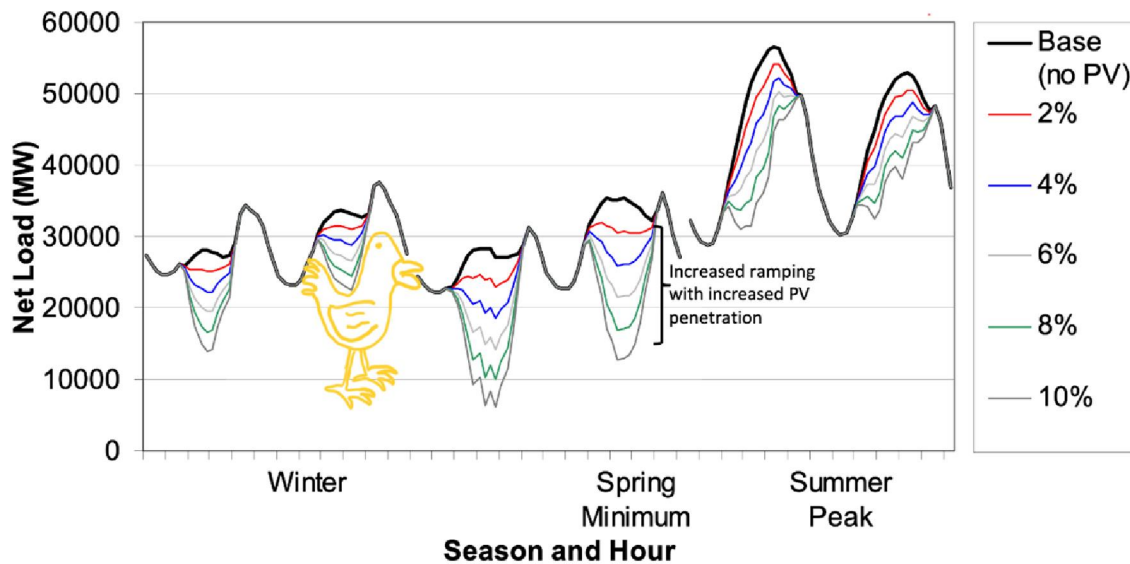


# Reinforcement Learning Control for Grid-Interactive Efficient Building



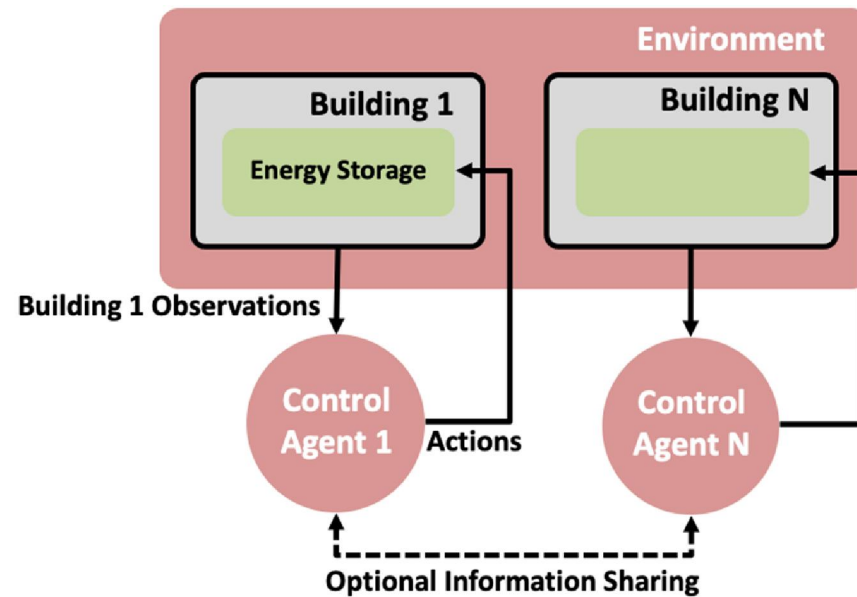


# Reinforcement Learning Control for Grid-Interactive Efficient Building



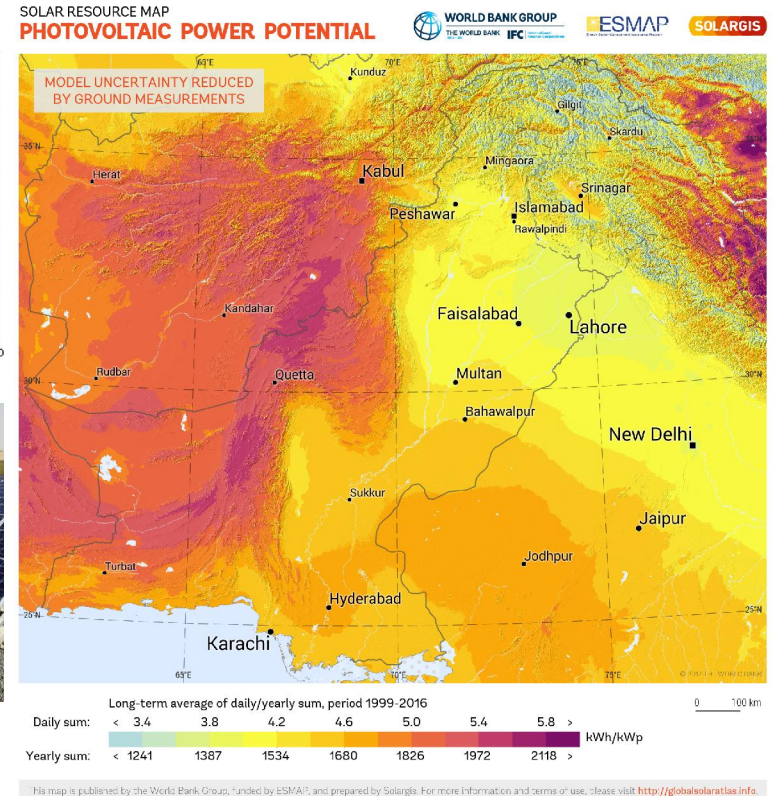
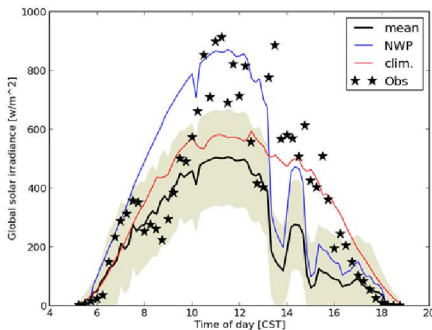


# Reinforcement Learning Control for Grid-Interactive Efficient Building



# MACHINE LEARNING FOR PREDICTING WEATHER - SOLAR IRRADIANCE

Develop highly accurate AI-based forecasting tool that provide forecasts of the solar energy specific to the region and geographical coordinates in Pakistan



**Impact:** Disruptive impact on enabling PV enabled power generation in Pakistan  
**Budget: 9 Million PKR**

© 2019 The World Bank, Source: Global Solar Atlas 2.0, Solar resource data: Solargis

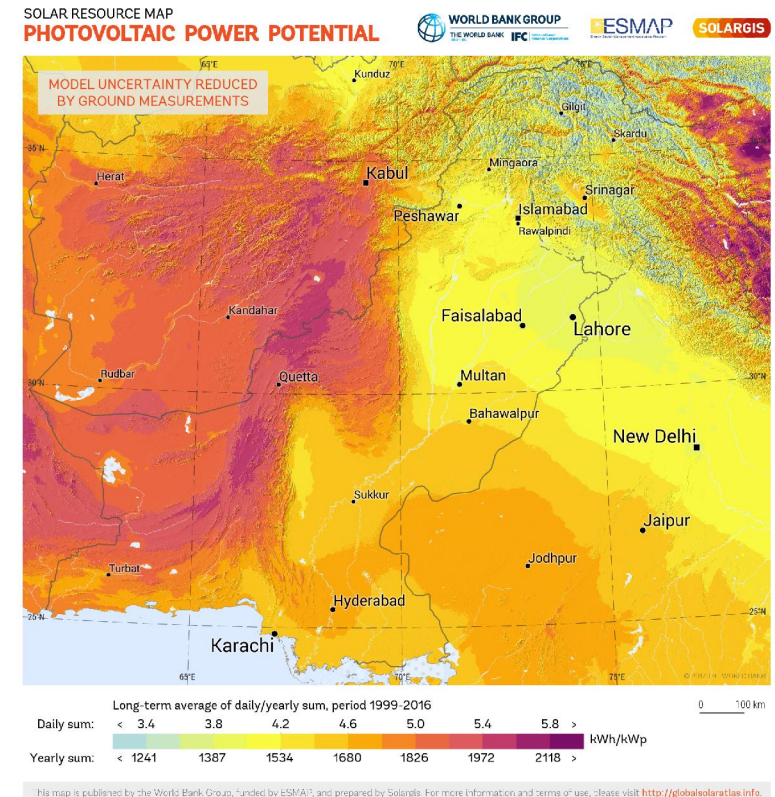
# MACHINE LEARNING FOR PREDICTING WEATHER - SOLAR IRRADIANCE

## Potential Market

- Highly accurate solar forecast as a service for industries and house holds
- Distribution system operators in supporting their operations
- Planning tool to deploy resources

## Final Price (Product and Services):

The forecast as a service will be charged as pay-per-use and the desired resolution of the forecast



© 2019 The World Bank, Source: Global Solar Atlas 2.0, Solar resource data: Solargis



**Thank you!**

**Sino-Pak Center for  
Artificial Intelligence (SPCAI)**

**SPCAI where Science Meets Business!**